

“Let’s celebrate!”: U.S. American holidays and traditions – Eine landeskundliche Materialsammlung (Teil 2)

Annie Caldwell



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Amerikanische Feste und Traditionen sind tief in der Kulturgeschichte des Landes verankert. Pomöse Paraden, traditionelle Feierlichkeiten und die multikulturelle Vielfalt sind nur wenige Aspekte, die amerikanische Feste besonder machen. Im zweiten Teil der insgesamt zweiteiligen Materialsammlung sind acht Feste enthalten. Dazu gehören nationale Feste wie *Independence Day*, christliche Traditionen wie *Christmas* oder ethnische Repräsentationen wie *Cinco de Mayo* oder exzessive Feiern wie *St. Patrick's Day* und *Mardi Gras*.

KOMPETENZPROFIL

Klassenstufe/Lernjahr: 8–10; Lernjahr 4–6

Dauer: 1–10 Unterrichtsstunden (Materialien einzeln einsetzbar)

- Kompetenzen:
1. Interkulturelle Kompetenz: Faktenwissen zu den bekanntesten Feiern demonstrieren und in Texten und Diskussionen anwenden;
 2. Leseverstehenskompetenz: Kernaspekte aus Informationstexten verstehen

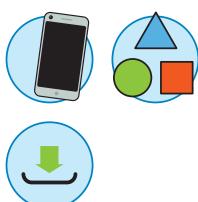
Thematische Bereiche: USA, culture, holidays, traditions, multiculturalism

Medien: Videolinks

Auf einen Blick

Baustein 1

Thema:	Exploring the traditions of Mardi Gras in New Orleans, Louisiana
M 1	Mardi Gras – Celebrating carnival in New Orleans / einen Lückentext mit Hilfe eines Videos ausfüllen, die Popularität der Festlichkeiten erforschen und mit Fasching vergleichen (EA, GA, PL)
Benötigt:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internetfähige Endgeräte zum Abspielen des Videos und zum Recherchieren • Ggf. ZM1_M1_leicht



Baustein 2

Thema:	Historical roots and present festivities on St. Patrick's Day
M 2	Happy St. Patrick's Day! – Celebrating Irish pride / zentrale Elemente aus Bildern, einem Video und einem Text erschließen und in eigenen Worten wiedergeben (EA, PA, PL)
Benötigt:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internetfähige Endgeräte zum Abspielen des Videos und zur Nutzung des Aussprachetools des Cambridge Dictionary



Baustein 3

Thema:	The origins and traditions on April Fools' Day
M 3	April Fools' Day – Pranks, jokes and hoaxes / einen Text lesen und verstehen, über Aprilscherze diskutieren und entweder ein Rollenspiel oder eine Geschichte zu Aprilscherzen gestalten (EA, GA, PL)

Baustein 4

Thema:	The religious holiday and present-day Easter customs
M 4	Easter – Egg hunt, Easter bunny and the resurrection of Jesus / eine Mindmap zu „Ostern“ erstellen, sich darüber austauschen, einen Text zum amerikanischen Osterfest verstehen und das religiöse Fest diskutieren (EA, PA, GA, PL)

Baustein 5

Thema: The origins and traditions of Cinco de Mayo

M 5 **Cinco de Mayo – Celebrating Mexican American culture** / einen Text lesen und das Verständnis mithilfe einer *True-False*-Aufgabe überprüfen; die Kommerzialisierung und den Einfluss der *Chicano identity* diskutieren (EA, GA, PL)

Baustein 6

Thema: Memorial Day and Veterans Day

M 6 **Memorial Day and Veterans Day – Honouring America's heroes and heroines** / einen Text lesen und das Verständnis mithilfe einer *Multiple-Choice*-Aufgabe überprüfen; die Bedeutung der Feiertage recherchieren und diskutieren (EA, GA, PL)

Benötigt:

- Internetfähige Endgeräte zum Recherchieren



Baustein 7

Thema: The Fourth of July – The background and present-day customs of the historic date

M 7 **Independence Day and American patriotism – Celebrating the founding of the USA in 1776** / zwei Texte lesen und verstehen, eine Internetrecherche zur Unabhängigkeitserklärung und zum amerikanischen Patriotismus durchführen, Auszüge einer Rede von Frederick Douglass lesen und über das eigene Verständnis von Unabhängigkeit schreiben (EA, PA GA, PL)

Benötigt:

- Internetfähige Endgeräte zum Recherchieren



Baustein 8

Thema: The historical roots of Juneteenth; "freedom"

M 8 **Juneteenth National Independence Day – Commemorating the ending of slavery in the USA** / einen Text lesen und in 25 Worten zusammenfassen; ein Statement zum persönlichen Verständnis des Themas „*freedom*“ schreiben (PA)

Happy St. Patrick's Day! – Celebrating Irish pride



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Tasks

- Look at the pictures. What elements might be part of St. Patrick's Day? Describe them. If you need help, check out the TIP boxes.
- Think-pair-share: Watch the video and read the text about St. Patrick's Day. Look at the words in the table and come up with your own definitions. You can access the video here: <https://raabe.click/St.PatricksDay>.
- Check out the TIP box "Listening to the correct English pronunciation and learn how to research the pronunciation of English vocabulary."



TIP: Talking about pictures

In the top left/right corner, I can see ...

In the bottom left/right corner there is ...

The person is standing/lying/looking at/
pointing at ...

The colours are bright/dark/vivid ...

It could/might/may be a ...

What strikes me most is ...

This picture makes me think of ...

I guess ...

Ask myself: how/why/what ...

The shape/size/colour/style makes me feel ...

TIP: Helpful vocabulary

coins: die Münzen – **hat:** das Hut – **leaf:** das Blatt – **garland:** die Girlande –

pub: die Kneipe, die Bar – **(to) dress up:** sich verkleiden



Origins of St. Patrick's Day – Key terms

vocabulary	definition
1. patron	
2. shantock	
3. burre	
4. leprechaun	
5. (to) dye	

M 7



Independence Day and American patriotism – Celebrating the founding of the USA in 1776



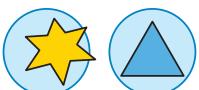
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Tasks

1. Read the text "Independence Day then and today" and take notes on the most important pieces of information.
2. Independence Day and American patriotism. Research online more about the Declaration of Independence. Work with a partner and consider the following questions:
 - a) What are the key principles of the Declaration?
 - b) Who signed the Declaration? What were their functions?
3. What are some of the national symbols, traditions and songs etc. in the United States? Research online.
4. What does independence mean to you? Write an essay (150 words) about your thoughts on the topic. You can choose from what perspective you want to look at the concept (e.g., personal, political, economic, cultural etc.).
5. "For whom is independence?" - Read the segments from Frederick Douglass's "Fourth of July" speech from 1852 and answer the questions.
 - a) How is Douglass's sentiment in the speech?
 - b) What is the purpose of the speech and to whom do you think is his speech directed?
 - c) After reading the segments: How can this speech be relevant today? Discuss in small groups.



TIP: Useful phrases for discussions	
Giving your opinion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In my opinion/view, ... • I think/believe/feel that ... • Personally, I ... • I'm absolutely convinced that ...
Agreeing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I totally agree with ... • I agree entirely/with some of the things you said.
Disagreeing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You are absolutely right. • That's exactly what I mean.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I'm not sure whether you can really ... • I disagree (entirely) with/that ... • I'm not convinced that ... • I see your point, but ... • I have got my doubts about that.

Independence Day then and today

Fourth of July or Independence Day is one of the most celebrated holidays in the United States. It commemorates¹ the adoption of the **Declaration of Independence** on 4 July 1776. This historic document declared the thirteen American colonies free from British rule, marking the **birth** of the United States of America.

- 5 This day unites the idea of **American freedom, democracy and patriotism**. It is a day when Americans reflect on the values of liberty and justice upon which the nation was founded. As part of the holiday, **various festivities** and traditions, such as the famous fireworks, concerts featuring patriotic music and readings of the Declaration of Independence are held to educate people. Additionally, towns and cities host parades, which often feature marching bands, 10 floats, military units and local organisations, creating a festive atmosphere. Particularly major cities like New York, Washington, D.C. and Boston host grand fireworks shows that attract large crowds.
- In smaller **gatherings**, families and friends organise barbecues and picnics and enjoy classic American foods like hot dogs, hamburgers, corn on the cob² and apple pie.
- 15 Particularly, during this time many Americans also express their patriotism by decorating their homes and streets with red, white and blue, thus demonstrating their national pride through American flags, bunting and banners.

"For whom is independence?" – Excerpt from a speech by Frederick Douglass, an American social reformer, abolitionist and the most important leader of the movement for African American civil rights in the 19th century (1852)

"Fellow-citizens, pardon me, allow me to ask, why am I called upon to speak here today? What have I, or those I represent, to do with your national independence? Are the great principles of political freedom and equal natural 5 justice, embodied in that Declaration of Independence, extended to us? and am I, therefore, called upon to bring our humble offering to the national altar, and to confess the benefits and express my abut gratitude for the blessings resulting from your independence to 10 us? [...]

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But, such is not the state of the case. I say it with a sad sense of the disparity between us. I am not included within the pale³ of this glorious anniversary. Your high independence only reveals the immeasurable distance between us. The blessings in which you, this day, rejoice⁴, are not enjoyed in common. The rich inheritance⁵ of justice, liberty, prosperity and independence, bequeathed⁶ by your fathers, is shared by you, not by me. The sunlight that brought life and healing to you, has brought stripes and death to me. This fourth July is yours, not mine. You may rejoice, I must mourn⁷."

Source: <https://nmaahc.si.edu/explore/stories/nations-story-what-slave-fourth-july> [last accessed 21/01/25]

Vocabulary

- 1 (to) **commemorate**: (to) remember – 2 **corn on the cob**: gekochte Maiskolben – 3 **pale**: (here) part of sth. – 4 (to) **rejoice**: (to) be happy – 5 **inheritance**: sth. received from so. who has died – 6 (to) **bequeath**: (to) arrange for money or property to be given to so. after your death – 7 (to) **mourn**: (to) feel great sadness, especially after a loss

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