## UNTERRICHTS MATERIALIEN

l nglisch Sek. II



## debate on fake news and social bots

Den Ein. 3s von digitalen Meinungsrobotern und Falschnachrichten untersuchen und über Gegenmaßnahmen diskutieren



## Themenkreis "Discussion"

## Convenience comes at a cost - A debate on . and social bots

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	I
orksheets · Keys	
Introducing Alexa	6
Goodbye privacy	8
Fake news – analysing cartoo.	16
Fake news, social be act	23
News consumption	35
How to lead a debate 🥌 .	4 I
Building arging to the second	48
Social bots – an alysin acs	51
The SPERM mod \ \	53
A debran social ats and fake news	57
Spritting a ocial bot right be harder than you think	67
	Introducing Alexa Social below the introducing Alexa Social below the introduct the in

## Kompetr , zpr

- Niv austufe: B2, (Europäischer Referenzrahmen)
- Korn etenzbereich Speaking, reading, writing, audio-visual comprehension

  Aufgannformate: Diveloping arguments, observing and evaluating a debate, leading a debate, ech, working with videos, working with texts, working with cartoons, working with ch rts/pictures, , our corners, double circle, rebuttal tennis, 1-minute speech
- Meden: Videos, Diagramme, Fotos, Zeitungsartikel, Cartoons fachu, ergreifende Aspekte: Gesellschaft, Politik, Wirtschaft

Topic 1.1

## **Introducing Alexa**

## Working with the video



I. Watch the video "Introducing All-New Echo Dot (2nd Gene. io 1)". What s Alexa? What does she do? Take notes while watching to video.

Link: www.youtube.com/watch?v=XWBNQEgLNh

2. Find one word for each letter of A-L-E-X-A that destribes the home robot. Keep your notes to yourself.

A	
L	
E	
X	
A	

## Four corners

- 3. You will hear statement on A.E. once you have heard a statement move towards one of the corn vs in the classroom according to your level of agreement (2014) disagree strongly agree, strongly disagree). Take your notes from tasks 1 and 2 with you.
- 4. Explain to the 'er students in your corner why you chose this answer.
- 5. Each correspond to the class.

## Cartoon 1



## Cartoon 2



Topic 2.2

## Worksheet A: Fake news, social bots and their in pact

## Working with the text

A. (

## I. On your own:

- a) Read the article "Facebook and Twitter are being used to maintain public opinion report". Briefly sum up the author's view of how public opinion is being manipulated.
- b) Delineate the author's claim that publication is a manipulated. Use the graphic organiser as guidance. Not down the evidence the author gives to support his claim and the exter-measures he proposes.
- 2. With a partner who worked cothe same text: Compare your answers. Correct any mistakes and delete an unnecessary details. Be ready to present your findings to a partner.

## Partner interview

- 3. With a partner who your on text B: Inform your partner about your text. Use your notes from tasks I to has a guideline for presenting the text. Take notes on what your partner presents to you. The two of you decide who will start presenting.
- 4. With your rm 1 par er, who worked on the same text: Compare what you have next about text B.

## Beyor d the text

With your par ner who worked on the same text: Assess which effects ocial be and fake news may have. Use your notes from tasks I to 4 as support. Collect your findings in bullet points. Be ready to present them to the lass.



## Pe in join ne

M man half of u adults paid to at news in some form in the past year, a ding to a Med nsight Project survey.

# Percentage who y they have re nor the fewing media:





## Percentage who say they have paid for news, by age group:



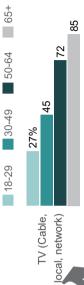
Responses based on survey of 2,199 U.S. adults conducted Feb. 16 to March 20, 2017. Margin of error is ± 2.7 percentage points for the entire sample, higher for subgroups.

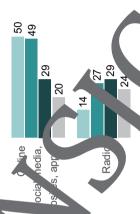
sample, ingrer for subgroups. SOURCE: AP-NORC Center for Public Affairs Research

AP

## Statistic B

# Getting the news Ways which U.S. adults said they "often" consumed news in 2016, by age group:







Data based on a survey of U.S. adults Jan. 🖎

SOURCE: Pew Research Center

5. 8, 2016.

## How to lead a debate

## Debate procedure

## 1<sup>st</sup> Proposition Speaker

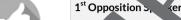
- ✓ state the topic
- √ define all relevant terms
- ✓ outline the case for the motion
- ✓ introduce the team line
- √ present your arguments

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Proposition Speaker

- ✓ deal with the definition if it has been challenged
- √ respond to/rebuttal the 1<sup>st</sup> opposition speaker
- √ bring forward your own arguments (→ stick to the team line)

## **Reply Speaker Proposition**

- √ sum up the debate me your team's point of y'ew (why your side in favour motio
- √ react to the other to scase (where have they missed on import int points)
- √ sun up your own core and point cothe main classes with to other lide



- √ accept or challenge deficition(s), if you challe ge a defiction, give an atternative one
- outline case gainst the
- √ inc. \uce the team line
- √ present our arguments
- √ re ittal if necessary

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Opposition Speaker

- √ deal with the definition if it is still an issue
- √ respond to/rebuttal the 2<sup>nd</sup> proposition speaker
- $\checkmark$  bring forward your own arguments ( $\rightarrow$  stick to the team line)

## **Reply Speaker Opposition**

- ✓ sum up the debate from your team's point of view (why is your side against the motion?)
- ✓ react to the other team's case (where have they missed out on important points?)
- √ sum up your own case and point out the main clashes with the other side

